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# Discovering Priority Habitats *in England*

*Freshwater Naturalness assessments*

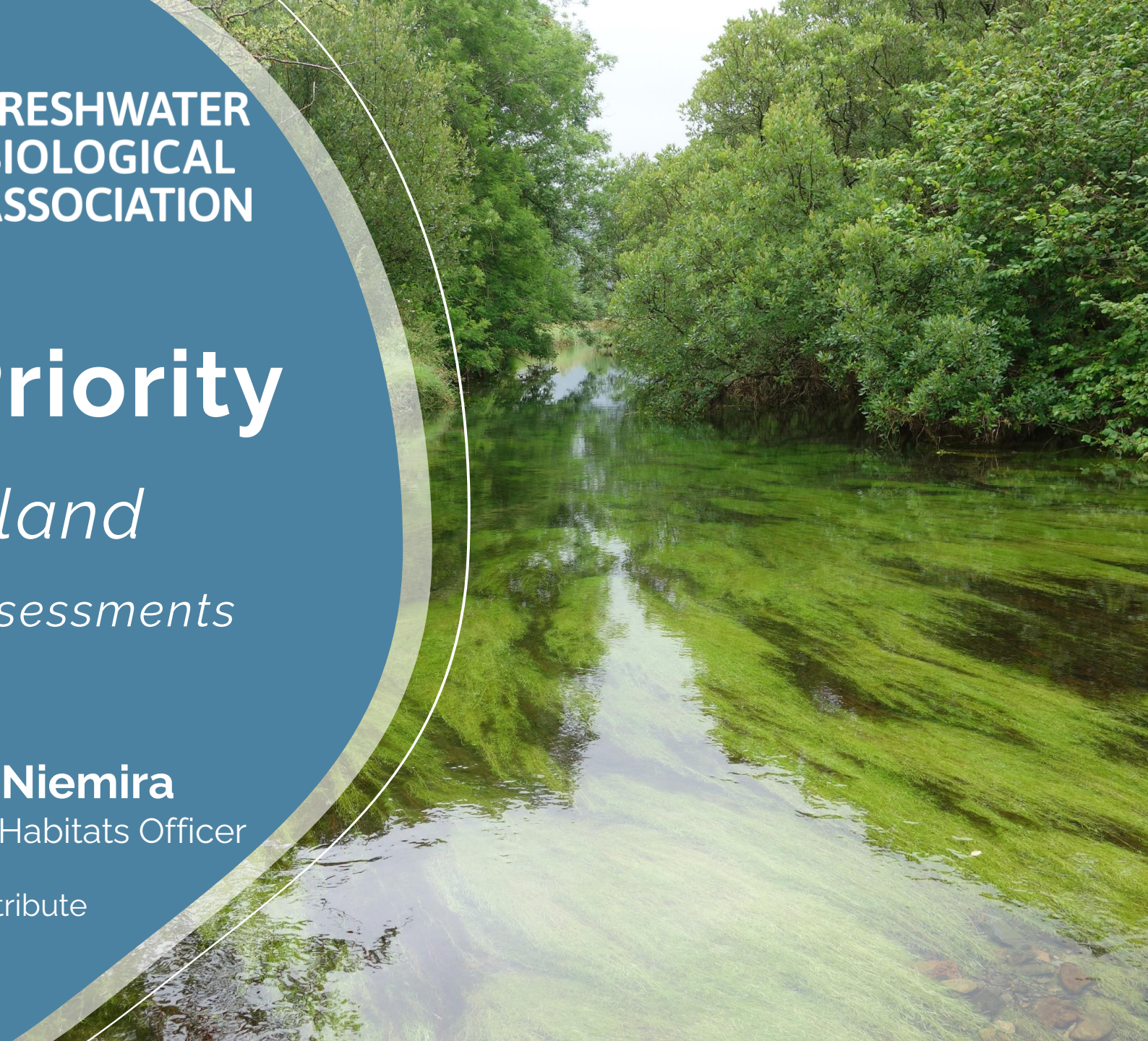
[priorityhabitats@fba.org.uk](mailto:priorityhabitats@fba.org.uk)

**Josie Niemira**

Priority Habitats Officer

**Full resources available at:**

<https://priorityhabitats.org/contribute/contribute-naturalness-data/>





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# Overview

Morning:

- Project background
- Assessing River & Stream Naturalness
- Assessing Lake Naturalness

Afternoon:

- Cartographer app sign-ups
- Survey practice (in-field)
- Uploading our surveys to the Citizen Science Data Portal





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# About the project

- Updating the priority habitat maps
- What is a priority habitat?
  - Freshwater habitats where action to protect and restore biodiversity is a priority.
- Protecting natural habitat function is the best way to protect biodiversity.
- Discovering priority habitats began 2019 → forms part of UK commitment to the International Convention on Biodiversity.





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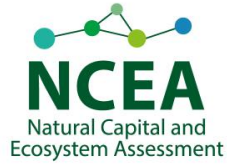
# About the project

- Train citizen scientists to carry out naturalness assessments on streams, rivers and lakes in England.
- Citizen science data informs Natural England's 'Priority [River](#) and [Lake](#) Habitats' maps.
  - Guides which areas are prioritised for protection and restoration
- We want to identify sites that are in:

**Good condition - so we can protect natural function**

**Poor condition - so we can restore natural function**





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# Surveying your sites

Site selection:

- We would like to know about all levels of naturalness.
- Smaller waterbodies (and **all** lakes)
- Designed to suit you
- Excludes ponds

Lakes - are defined as over 2 hectares

Rivers - 500m per survey section

Headwaters





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Seasonal variance causes certain naturalness features to become more or less obvious.

Surveying all year-round helps to capture features that might be missed in certain months e.g., very few invasive species in winter but impacts of flooding become more obvious.



### Survey calendar

**KEY** The most preferable time to carry out the survey (dark blue) to the least preferable time to carry out the survey (lightest blue)

Survey Type	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Watercourses	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Floodplain	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Invasive weeds	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue	Lightest Blue
Near shore	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
River condition assessment	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Scour protection	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
CFD model surveys	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Still waters	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Survey control	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Threshold levelling	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Topographic (vegetated)	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Underwater point clouds	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Water/silt surveys	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Flow monitoring	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue
Water nutrient testing	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue	Dark Blue



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# Naturalness Assessment

- Naturalness → natural function
- Simple visual survey split into four sections:

**Physical | Hydrological | Chemical | Biological**

Highly Natural

1

2

3

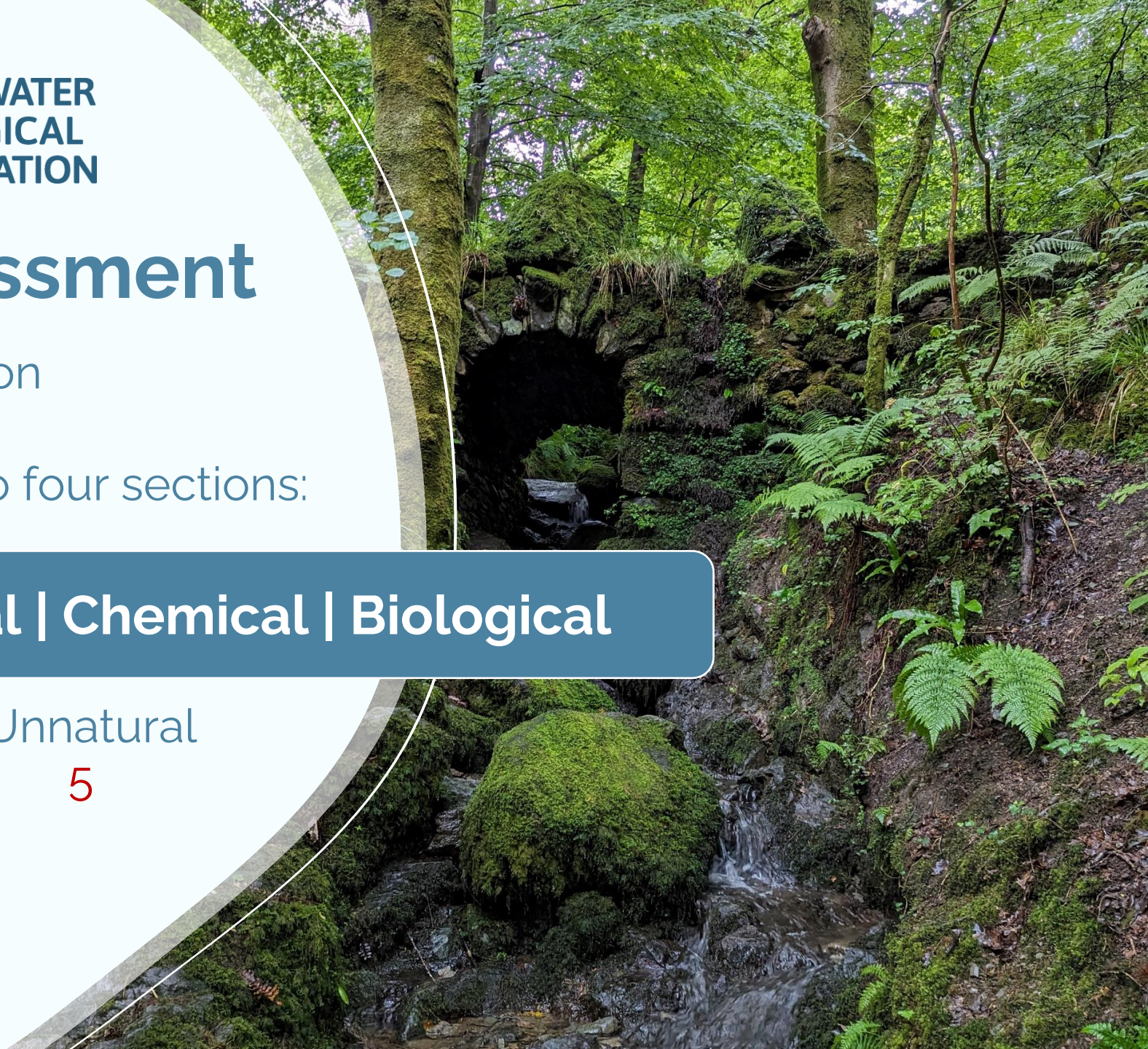
Highly Unnatural

4

5

- Confidence score:

**High - Medium - Low**



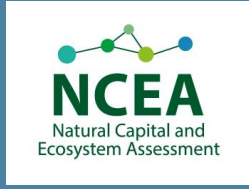


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# Assessing River & Stream Naturalness







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# Rivers & Streams: Physical

**Physical naturalness:** changes to the natural shape and form

- Artificial modifications (%)
- Tree cover → roots interacting with channel (%)
  - Shade / Leaf litter / woody material
- Naturalness of riparian vegetation



**A**  
Modification of bank



**C**  
Stream running through farmed land



**B**  
Woody material in river



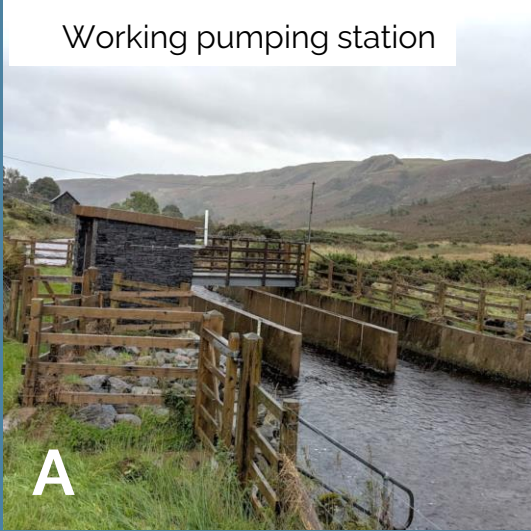
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# Rivers & Streams: Restoration

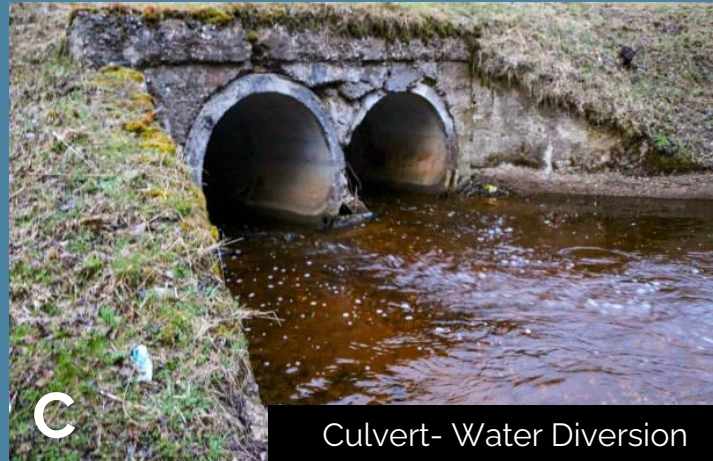
Measures restoring natural processes	Measures not restoring natural processes
Removal of in-channel structures (weirs, dams)	Construction of fish passes
Removal of bank revetments to restore lateral channel movement	Flow augmentation
Measures to restore natural river channel dimensions and flooding of the floodplain, associated with restoration/re-creation of floodplain habitats	Reducing the width/depth of the river channel to fit impacted flows
Restoration of the natural flow regime by land use/land management change (e.g. restoration of drained upland peat areas) and reducing abstraction/flow modifications	Increasing tree shading to mask eutrophication effects
Restoration of more natural nutrient and sediment regimes by controlling problems at or near source (e.g. restoration of drained upland peat areas, reduced fertiliser use, nutrient reductions in effluents)	Establishment of new in-channel control structures to manage flooding or generate power
Restoration of a diverse semi-natural riparian zone, including patchy cover of trees, shrubs and herb-rich swards of varying heights	Close bankside fencing
Restoration of ephemeral in-channel habitats, including naturally intermittent headwater streams and natural areas of intermittently exposed riverine sediments (shoals, shallow margins)	Dredging
Restoration of wetlands, backwaters and oxbow lakes in the floodplain, in hydrological connectivity with the river.	
Retention of large woody debris in the channel	Removal of fallen trees.
Control of non-native species associated with rivers	



Working pumping station



Weir on River Ribble



Culvert- Water Diversion

Additional data sources can help assess hydrological features e.g.,  
Abstraction licensing strategies (CAMS process) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)  
River obstacles:  
Catchment Based Approach

# Rivers & Streams:

## Hydrological

**Hydrological naturalness:**  
changes to natural flow & obvious modifications

- Abstraction (pipes, pumps)
- Impounding structures (dam/weir). Dry up of streams. Natural or not?
- Water Diversions & heavily modified channels

# Rivers & Streams: Chemical

**Chemical naturalness:** Signs of pollution

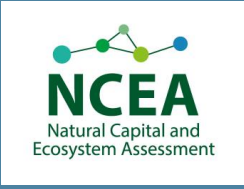
- Sewage fungus / filamentous algae → nutrient enrichment
- Water clarity → artificially enhanced input of sediment.
- Dead aquatic animals or lack of invertebrates



Filamentous algae



Sewage Fungus



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# Rivers & Streams: Biological

**Biological naturalness:** non-native species only (%)

- Non-native plants e.g., Himalayan balsam, Japanese knotweed, Giant hogweed.
- Non-native animal life e.g., signal crayfish, killer shrimp, zebra mussels.

Japanese knotweed

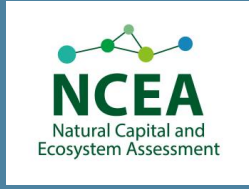


Himalayan balsam

Giant hogweed



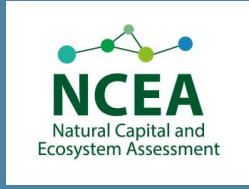
[NNSS eLearning  
\(nonnativespecies.org\)](https://nonnativespecies.org)



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# Rivers & Streams: Practice

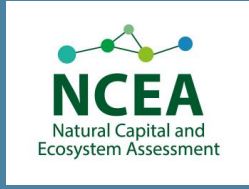




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# Rivers & Streams: Practice





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# Rivers & Streams: Practice







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# Assessing Lake Naturalness



UK Centre for  
Ecology & Hydrology

UK Lakes Portal





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# Lakes: Physical



Shoreline modification

A



High water mark  
obstruction

B

### Non-natural land use

Farmland/improved grassland

Roads/tracks/paths

Buildings/gardens

Orchards/plantations

Recreational parks

**Physical naturalness:** changes to the natural shape and form

### Shoreline condition

- Physical modifications %
- Presence of fringing wetland

**Land use:** up to 10m high water

- semi-natural land %

### Lake shape (Artificial only)

- Gradient allow for plant growth
- Check CEH Lakes map for further info
- Most unnatural scoring category → Overall score



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# Lakes: Hydrological



Weir with fish pass

A

Sluice affecting natural  
water level



B

**Hydrological naturalness:** natural fluctuation & obvious modifications

## Structures

- Presence of barriers and impassable structures

## Water level

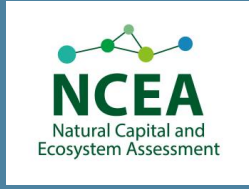
- Expected seasonal fluctuations
- Evidence of abstraction

## In/outflows

- Presence of modified outflows
- Artificial inflows such as ditches



River  
Obstacles  
App



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# Lakes: Chemical



A

Polluted lake → opaque/cloudy

Peat lake → tea like colour



B

**Chemical Naturalness:** signs of pollution

## Water clarity

- Lake bottom or Secchi disk visibility

## Algae

- Presence of algae blooms

## Submerged plants

- Presence and depth of plants (Fennel pondweed and Horned pondweed)

## Sampling

- Level of pollution

[EA WFD catchment data explorer](#)



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# Lakes: Biological



Water Fern



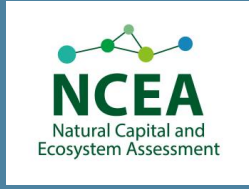
New Zealand  
pygmy weed

**Biological naturalness:** non-native species only (%)

- **Presence and percentage of survey area?**
- Non-native species: Parrot's feather, Water Fern, Curly Waterweed, New Zealand Pygmy weed
- Signal Crayfish
  - Noticeboards/signs at the site?



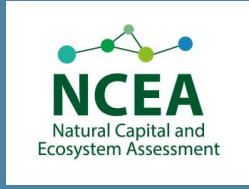
[ID sheets » NNSS  
\(nonnativespecies.org\)](https://nonnativespecies.org)



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# Lakes: Practice

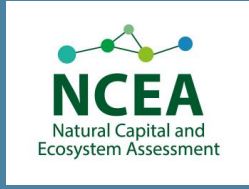




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# Lakes: Practice





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# Lakes: Practice







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# Completing Surveys





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# Collecting data

## Supplementary information

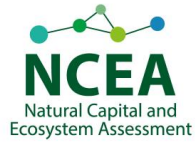
- Location and time
- Notes
- Intermittent flow (streams and rivers)
- Photographs
- Plant functional groups (lakes)
- Species of interest
- Key habitat features

Your name <input type="text"/>		Date and time <input type="text"/>	
<b>River/stream survey location</b>			
Survey location (GPS or 10 digit NGR) <input type="text"/>		Watercourse code (optional) <input type="text"/>	
Watercourse name <input type="text"/>		Source of watercourse name (tick one)	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Map data	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Local knowledge	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Personally assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/> Reach length (m)			
<b>Physical naturalness</b>			
Naturalness class (circle one)		Confidence class (circle one)	
1 2 3 4 5		High Medium Low	
Form(s) of assessment (tick all that apply)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Simple visual inspection		<input type="checkbox"/> Modular River Survey (MoRPh)	
<input type="checkbox"/> River Habitat Survey (RHS)		<input type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify)	
<b>Hydrological naturalness</b>			
Naturalness class (circle one)		Confidence class (circle one)	
1 2 3 4 5		High Medium Low	
Form(s) of assessment (tick all that apply)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Simple visual inspection		<input type="checkbox"/> Water Framework Directive data	
<input type="checkbox"/> EA abstraction information		<input type="checkbox"/> Other (please specify)	



UK Centre for  
Ecology & Hydrology

UK Lakes Portal



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# Additional Info

## Contributing data → Citizen Data Portal

- Guidance documents & resources
- Printable survey forms
- Examples of completing a naturalness survey
- Photos of key habitat features
- High priority species recording

[Contribute naturalness data – Discovering Priority Habitats in England](#)





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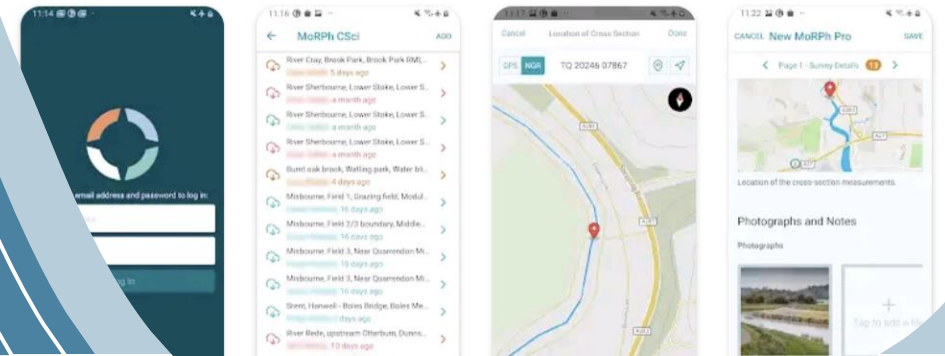
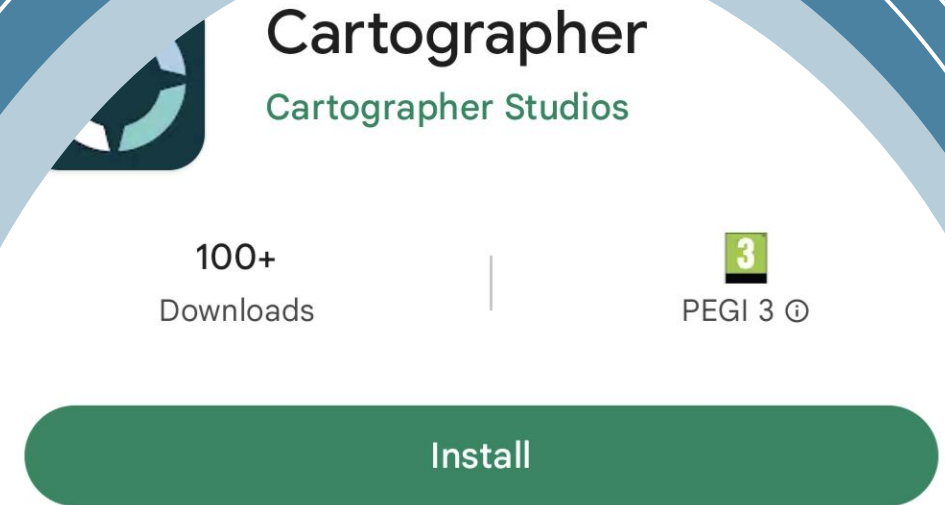
Download the App

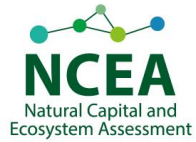
# Using Cartographer

[Register for an account](https://priorityhabitats.org)  
[Priorityhabitats.org](https://priorityhabitats.org)

[Cartographer login](#)

Using the app





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# Afternoon Practical session

## Health and Safety (key points)

- Be aware of slips, trips and falls
- Stay out of the water and away from steep and unstable banks
- Wear appropriate clothing and footwear
- Biosecurity awareness
- Please fully read the **sheets in your packs** before we leave for the practical site

A circular sign with a red border and white background containing the text "CHECK CLEAN DRY" in bold blue capital letters.

CHECK  
CLEAN  
DRY



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# Uploading Surveys



# PRIORITY HABITATS

## FRESHWATER NATURALNESS UPLOADING LAKE SURVEYS

A step-by-step guide of how to upload lake surveys to the cartographer mobile app.



Further guidance can be found online:  
[priorityhabitats.org](http://priorityhabitats.org)



# PRIORITY HABITATS

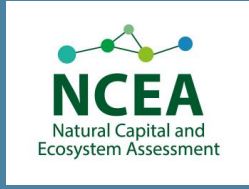
## FRESHWATER NATURALNESS UPLOADING RIVER/STREAM SURVEYS

A step-by-step guide of how to upload river/stream surveys to the cartographer mobile app.



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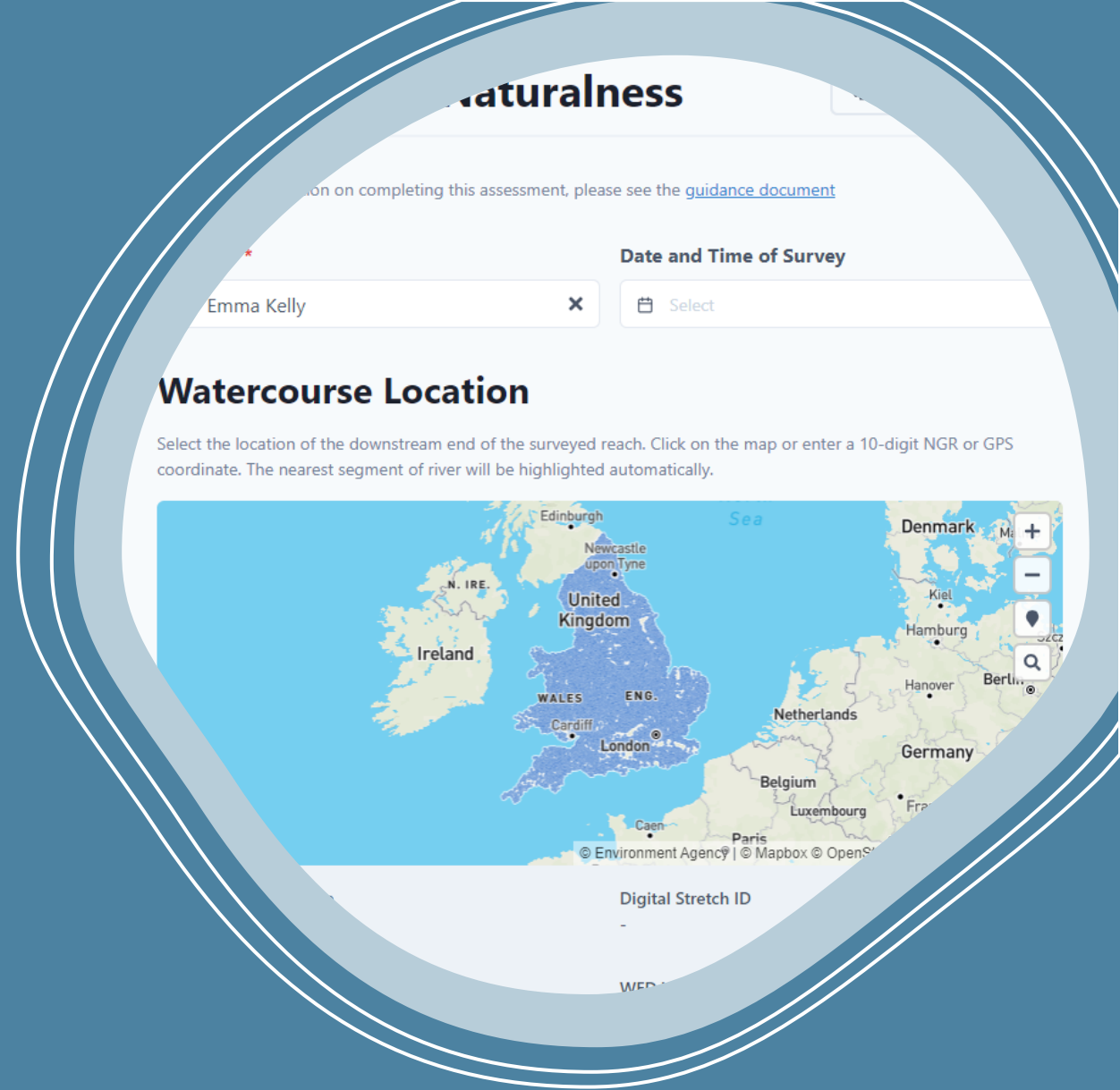
# Uploading a survey

River/Stream Naturalness

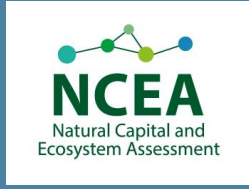
[River/Stream Naturalness -  
Priority Habitats  
\(cartographer.io\)](#)

Lake Naturalness

[Lake Naturalness - Priority  
Habitats \(cartographer.io\)](#)







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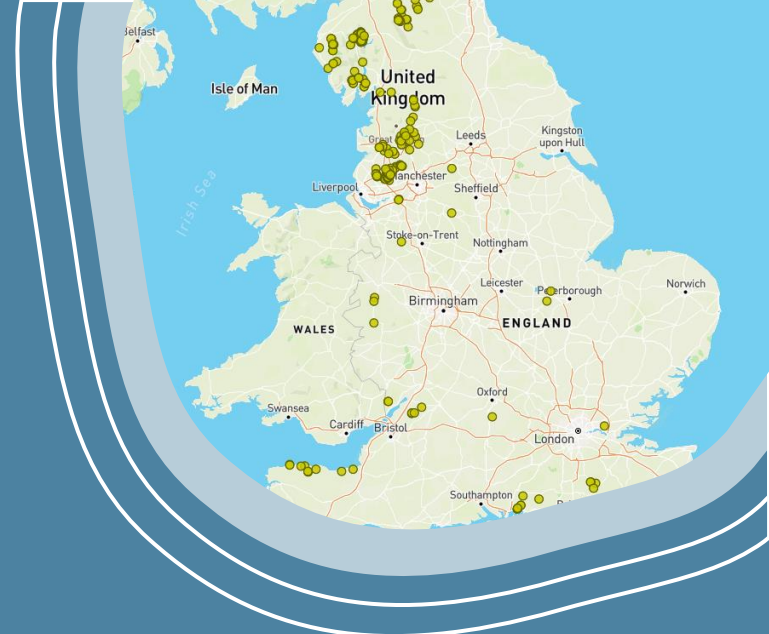
# Surveys to date

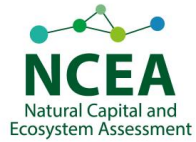
River/Stream

Display river and stream naturalness data –  
Discovering Priority Habitats in England

Lakes

Display lake naturalness data –  
Discovering Priority Habitats in England





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# Afternoon Practical session

## Beyond today

- Be aware of **land access** and make sure to stay in open access areas (or confirm permission to survey)
- Always check H&S before attending a site
- Follow our newsletter for updates on big survey days, quizzes, Q&As etc.
- Talk to your host about organising survey days or check out the 'Seasonal Survey Weekends'





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# Help and Queries

- Please visit [priorityhabitats.org](https://priorityhabitats.org) for FAQs and detailed guidance
- Contact me at [priorityhabitats@fba.org.uk](mailto:priorityhabitats@fba.org.uk)
- Please complete Feedback forms

## Any questions?

Priority Habitats Feedback

